

Food fraud prevention Can science help us avoid a crisis?

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Why should we test for species authenticity?

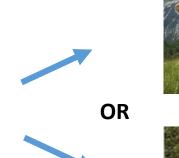


NOW



BEFORE











3 Questions ...



Can I control my suppliers?



Can I check the cleaning of my production chain from previous production lots?



As a consumer, can I trust what I eat?





First step : DNA detection by qPCR methods

Is there any undesired species in my food? Ex : horse in beef hamburger







... 2 technical answers

Second step : quantification

Do I fit with the legislation : <1% or >1%? Is the minced meat supplied, really 40 pig/60 beef?



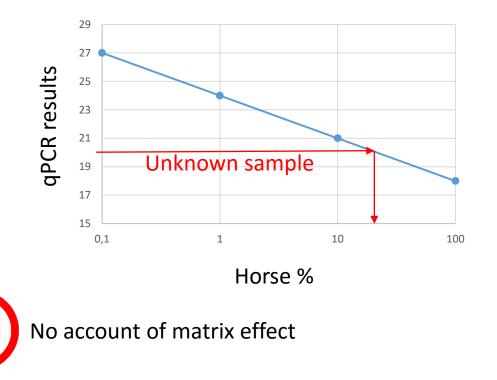






Dilution curve

Principle : DNA is extracted from meat and serially diluted in buffer. Horse percentage in the unknown sample is extrapolated from this standard curve



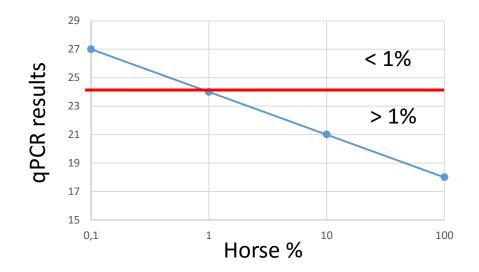


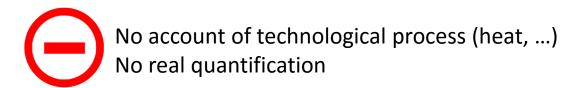




EU method

Principle : DNA is extracted from beef meat with 1% of horse meat, unknown samples are compared to this reference











Sum of species method

Principle : values for 7 species are added which is equaled to 100%

species	PCR results	Percentage	
Beef	50000	25 %	JN
Horse	2300	1%	HALAL
Pig	87000	43%	Tu
Goat	56987 - 5	28%	e 🚵
Sheep	123	0,06%	
Chicken	0	0%	
Turkey	6897	3%	



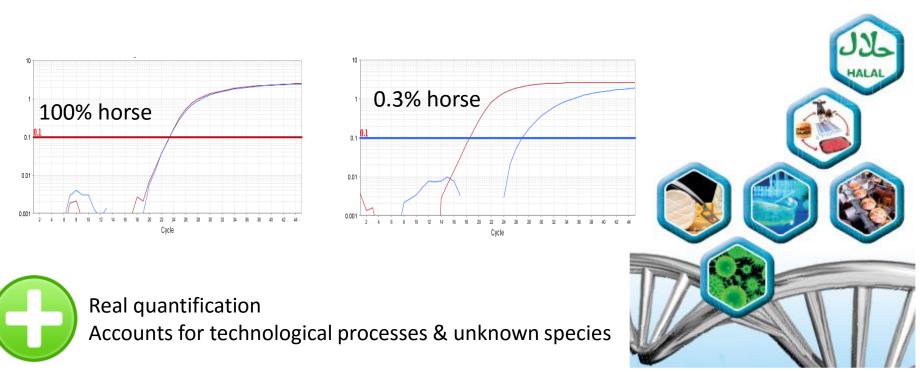
No account of the different efficiency of the 7 analysis No account of other species





Progenus EasyFast[™] method

Principle : the quantity of DNA of the species is quantified in % of the quantity of vertebrate DNA





Species that can be detected and quantified

- ✓ Horse
- ✓ Pig
- ✓ Beef
- ✓ Chicken
- ✓ Turkey
- ✓ Sheep
- ✓ Goat
- ✓ Duck
- ✓ Dog
- ✓ Cat
- ✓ Rat

✓ ...

















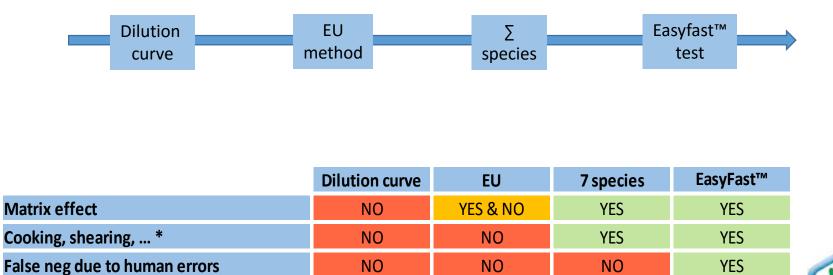
Presence of unknown species?

Methods of quantification

YES

NO

YES



*The difference in quantitative DNA results between a low processed and a highly processed meat product is reported to be around 10-fold (Laube et al, 2007, Int. J. Food Sci Technol, 42: 336-41)

YES



Special thanks



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